EPA MRID Number 48444816

Data Requirement: EPA DP Barcode 345709

EPA MRID 48444816 **EPA** Guideline 850.5400

Test material: Glufosinate-Ammonium Technical Purity: 99.2%

Common name

Chemical name: IUPAC Ammonium; 4-[hydroxyl(methyl)phosphinoyl])-DL-homoalanine

CAS name 2-amino-4-(hydroxymethylphosphinyl)butanoic acid, monoammonium salt

CAS No. 77182-82-2

Synonyms

Primary Reviewer: Moncie Wright

Signature:

Signature:

Signature: Staff Scientist, Cambridge Environmental Inc.

Signature: Secondary Reviewer: Teri S. Myers Senior Scientist, Cambridge Environmental Inc.

Signature: Date: 10/20/11
Signature: Column **Primary Reviewer:** Catherine Aubee Biologist, US EPA/OPP/EFED/ERBIV Date: 1 June 20

EPA PC Code 128850

Date Evaluation Completed: 01-06-2012

CITATION: Banman, C.S., J.H. Howerton, and C.V. Lam. 2011. Toxicity of Glufosinate-ammonium to the Blue Green Algae Anabaena flos-aquae. Unpublished study performed and sponsored by Bayer CropScience (laboratory located in Stilwell, Kansas and sponsor located in Research Triangle Park, North Carolina). Study completed March 25, 2011.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

In a 96-hour acute toxicity study, cultures of *Anabaena flos-aquae* were exposed to **Glufosinate-Ammonium Technical** at nominal concentrations of 0 (negative control), 3.8, 12, 39, 125, and 400 μg ai/L under static conditions. Mean-measured concentrations were <LOQ (<1.0, control), 4.0, 13, 41, 128, and 421 μg ai/L.

The most sensitive endpoint was cell density, with NOAEC and EC $_{50}$ values of 41 and 72 μg ai/L, respectively. The % growth inhibition of cell density in the treated algal culture as compared to the control ranged from -23 to 99%.

No abnormal observations of cell morphology were noted.

This toxicity study is scientifically sound is classified as **acceptable**. It satisfies the guideline requirement for a Tier II algal toxicity study using glufosinate technical.

Results Synopsis

Test Organism: Anabaena flos-aquae

Test Type (Flow-through, Static, Static Renewal): Static

Cell density

EC₀₅: 30 μg ai/L 95% C.I.: 10-88 μg ai/L EC₅₀: 72 μg ai/L 95% C.I.: 44-120 μg ai/L

NOAEC: 41 μ g ai/L Probit Slope: 4.29 ± 1.51

Biomass

EC₀₅: 36 μg ai/L 95% C.I.: 19-69μg ai/L EC₅₀: 81 μg ai/L 95% C.I.: 62-110 μg ai/L

NOAEC: 41 μ g ai/L Probit Slope: 4.68 ± 1.10

Growth rate

EC₀₅: 47 μg ai/L 95% C.I.: 26-85 μg ai/L EC₅₀: 150 μg ai/L 95% C.I.: 110-190 μg ai/L

NOAEC: 41 µg ai/L Probit Slope: 3.34 ± 0.531

Endpoint(s) Effected: Cell density, biomass, and growth rate

I. MATERIALS AND METHODS

GUIDELINE FOLLOWED:

The test procedure followed the guidelines of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guideline No. 201; OPPTS Guideline 850.5400; and FIFRA Guideline 123-2. The study methods and results were evaluated according to U.S. EPA OPPTS 850.5400: Algal Toxicity, Tiers I and II and OECD No. 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, and differences and/or similarities were described. One deficiency and deviations from OPPTS 850.5400 and OECD 201 were noted:

- The total organic carbon, particulate matter, metals, pesticides, and chlorine content of the dilution water were not determined.
- 2. The physico-chemical properties of the test material were not reported; OECD guidelines suggest that this information be reported. OPPTS guidelines do not address this topic.
- 3. The pH of the control ranged from 7.4 to 9.0 and in the test solutions ranged from 7.4 to 9.4; OPPTS guidelines suggest a pH of 7.5 ± 0.2 for similar algal species. Additionally, OECD guidelines suggest that the control pH not vary by more than 1.5 units.
- 4. The strain of the algal species was not reported.
- 5. The source of the dilution water was not reported.

The deficiency and deviations do not substantively impact on the acceptability of this study.

COMPLIANCE: Signed and dated GLP, Quality Assurance, and Data Confidentiality

statements were provided. This study was conducted in compliance with the

Good Laboratory Practice Standards as specified in 40 CFR Part 160.

A. MATERIALS:

1. Test material Glufosinate-Ammonium Technical

Description: White solid

Lot No./Batch No.: 1207200501 (Batch ID)

Purity: 99.2%

Stability of compound

under test conditions: Analytical verification at time 0 yielded recoveries ranging from 103 to

113% of the nominal test concentrations. Recoveries from the day 4 solutions ranged from 101 to 111% of nominal. The test material was very

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stable under the test conditions.

(OECD recommends water solubility, stability in water and light, pKa,

Pow, and vapor pressure of test compound)

Storage conditions of

test chemicals: The test material was stored in a freezer.

Physicochemical properties of Glufosinate-Ammonium Technical.

Parameter	Values	Comments
Water solubility at 20EC	Not reported	
Vapor pressure	Not reported	
UV absorption	Not reported	
рКа	Not reported	
Kow	Not reported	

2. Test organism:

Name: Blue-green algae; *Anabaena flos-aquae*

EPA requires a nonvascular species: For tier I testing, only one species, S. capricornutum, to be tested; for tier II testing, S. costatum, A. flos-aquae, S. capricorntum, and a freshwater diatom is tested.

OECD suggests the following species are considered suitable: S. capricornutum, S. subspicatus, and C. vulgaris. If other species are used, the strain should be reported

Strain: Not reported

Source: In-house cultures originally obtained from the University of Texas, Austin,

Texas, United States.

Age of inoculum: 3 days

Method of cultivation: Algae were cultivated in 1xAAP nutrient medium.

B. STUDY DESIGN:

1. Experimental Conditions

a. Range-finding study A 96-hour range-finding study was conducted from January 6 to January 10, 2011 with a control and nominal concentrations of 0.16, 0.8, 4.0, 20, and 100 mg ai/L. After 96 hours, there was a significant reduced cell density in the lowest test level and virtually no growth in the higher test levels. An additional study was necessary to establish the test levels for the definitive test.

A second test was conducted from January 11 to 15, 2011 with a negative control and nominal concentrations of 0.004, 0.02, and 0.1 mg ai/L. Inhibitions in the 0.02 and 0.1 mg ai/L test levels were 10 and 32%, respectively. All cells in the test levels appeared normal as compared to the control.

b. Definitive Study

Table 1: Experimental Parameters

Parameter	Details	Remarks	
		Criteria	
Acclimation period:	Continuous		
Culturing media and conditions: (same as test or not) Health: (any mortality observed)	Same as test (dilution water, temperature, photoperiod, and light intensity) The culture was in log phase growth.	EPA recommends two week acclimation period. OECD recommends an amount of algae suitable for the inoculation of test cultures and incubated under the conditions of the test and used when still exponentially growing, normally after an incubation period of about 3 days. When the algal cultures contain deformed or abnormal cells, they must be discarded.	
Test system Static/static renewal Renewal rate for static renewal	Static N/A	EPA expects the test concentrations to be renewed every 3 to 4 days (one renewal for the 7 day test, 3-4 renewals for the 14 day test).	
Incubation facility	The test vessels were placed on an orbital shaker table in an environmental chamber.		
Duration of the test	96 hours		
		EPA requires: 96-120 hours OECD: 72 hours	
Test vessel Material: (glass/stainless steel) Size:	Glass 250 mL		
Fill volume:	100 mL	OECD recommends 250 ml conical flasks are suitable when the volume of the test solution is 100 ml or use a culturing apparatus.	
Details of growth medium name		Control pH: 7.4-9.0	

Parameter	Details	Remarks
		Criteria
pH at test initiation: pH at test termination: Chelator used: Carbon source: Salinity (for marine algae):	7.4 7.5-9.4 Yes NaHCO ₃ N/A	OECD recommends the medium pH after equilibration with air is ~8 with less than .001 mmol/l of chelator if used. EPA recommends 20X-AAP and chelating agents (e.g. EDTA) in the nutrient medium for optimum cell growth. Lower concentrations of chelating agents (down to one-third of the normal concentration recommended for AAP medium) may be used in the nutrient medium used for test solution preparation if it is suspected that the chelator will interact with the test material. ASTM reference, E1415-91and D 3978-80 (reapproved 1987).
If non-standard nutrient medium was used, detailed composition provided (Yes/No)	N/A- standard medium was used	
Dilution water source/type: pH: salinity (for marine algae): water pretreatment (if any): Total Organic Carbon: particulate matter: metals: pesticides: chlorine:	Distilled water 7.5 N/A Filter sterilized Not reported	EPA pH: Skeletonema costatum = ~8.0 Others = ~7.5 from beginning to end of the test. EPA salinity: 30-35 ppt. EPA is against the use of dechlorinated water. OECD: pH is measured at beginning of the test and at 72 hours, it should not normally deviate by more than one unit during the test.
Indicate how the test material is added to the medium (added directly or used stock solution)	The test material (201.7 mg) was dissolved in nutrient medium to create a primary stock solution, which was the highest test concentration. The solution was inverted several times, and the lower test concentrations were made via serial dilution from the next higher test concentration.	

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Parameter	Details	Remarks
		Criteria
Aeration or agitation	Agitation; 100 rpm	
Initial cells density	1 x 10 ⁴ cells/mL	
		EPA requires an initial number of 3,000 - 10,000 cells/mL. For Anabaena flosaquae, cell counts on day 2 are not required. OECD recommends that the initial cell concentration be approximately 10,000 cells/ml for <u>S</u> . <u>capricornutum</u> and <u>S</u> . <u>subspicatus</u> . When other species are used the biomass should be comparable.
Number of replicates Control: Solvent control: Treatments:	3 N/A 3	EPA requires a negative and/or solvent control with 3 or more replicates per doses. Navicula sp.tests should be conducted with four replicate. OECD preferably three replicates at each test concentration and ideally twice that number of controls. When a vehicle is used to solubilize the test substance, additional controls containing the vehicle at the highest concentration used in the test.
<u>Test concentrations</u>		

Parameter	Details	Remarks
		Criteria
Nominal:	0 (negative control), 3.8, 12, 39, 125, and 400 μg ai/L	EPA requires at least 5 test concentrations, with each at least 60% of the next higher one.
Measured:	<loq (<1.0,="" 128,="" 13,="" 4.0,="" 41,="" 421="" ai="" and="" control),="" l<="" td="" μg=""><td>OECD recommends at least five concentrations arranged in a geometric series, with the lowest concentration tested should have no observed effect on the growth of the algae. The highest concentration tested should inhibit growth by at least 50% relatively to the control and, preferably, stop growth completely.</td></loq>	OECD recommends at least five concentrations arranged in a geometric series, with the lowest concentration tested should have no observed effect on the growth of the algae. The highest concentration tested should inhibit growth by at least 50% relatively to the control and, preferably, stop growth completely.
Solvent (type, percentage, if used)	N/A	
Method and interval of analytical verification	Samples from the control and all test levels were taken from the time 0 and 96 hour solutions, and were analyzed via LC/MS/MS. Laboratory spikes and calibration standards were also analyzed.	
Test conditions Temperature: Photoperiod: Light intensity and quality:	23.9-24.0°C Continuous 1880-2128 lux Cool white fluorescents	EPA temperature: Skeletonema: 20EC, Others: 24-25EC; EPA photoperiod: S. costatum 14 hr light/ 10 hr dark, Others: Continuous; EPA light: Anabaena: 2.0 Klux (±15%), Others: 4 - 5 Klux (±15%) OECD recommended the temperature in the range of 21 to25°C maintained at ± 2°C and continuous uniform illumination provided at approximately 8000 Lux measured with a spherical collector.
Reference chemical (if used) name: concentrations:	N/A	
Other parameters, if any	None	

2. Observations:

Table 2: Observation parameters

Parameters	Details	Remarks
		Criteria
Parameters measured including the growth inhibition/other toxicity symptoms	- Cell density - Biomass - Growth rate	EPA recommends the growth of the algae expressed as the cell count per mL, biomass per volume, or degree of growth as determined by spectrophotometric means.
Measurement technique for cell density and other end points	Cell density was determined using a light microscope and hemacytometer slide. Growth rate was determined using a logarithmic equation that accounts for initial and final cell density. Biomass was determined via an equation using initial and final cell density.	EPA recommends the measurement technique of cell counts or chlorophyll a OECD recommends the electronic particle counter, microscope with counting chamber, fluorimeter, spectrophotometer, and colorimeter. (note: in order to provide useful measurements at low cell concentrations when using a spectrophotometer, it may be necessary to use cuvettes with a light path of at least 4 cm).
Observation intervals	Every 24 hours.	EPA and OECD: every 24 hours.
Other observations, if any	None.	
Indicate whether there was an exponential growth in the control	Yes; cell density was 154 x 10 ⁴ cells/mL at 96 hours.	EPA requires control cell count at termination to be □2X initial count or by a factor of at least 16 during the test. OECD: cell concentration in control cultures should have increased by a factor of at least 16 within three days.
Were raw data included?	Yes.	

II. RESULTS and DISCUSSION:

A. INHIBITORY EFFECTS:

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At 96 hours, cell density in the negative control averaged 154×10^4 cells/mL, which yielded inhibitions of -23, 8, -2, 88, and 99% in the mean-measured 4.0, 13, 41, 128, and 421 μ g ai/L test levels as compared to the control. The 96-hour NOAEC and EC₅₀ values for cell density were 39 and 67 μ g ai/L, respectively.

At 96 hours, biomass in the negative control averaged 3596 x 10^4 cells/mL*h, yielding inhibitions of -9, 10, 3, 83, and 100% as compared to the control. The 96-hour NOAEC and EC₅₀ values for biomass were 39 and 88 μ g ai/L, respectively.

At 96 hours, the growth rate in the negative control averaged 0.0523 hours⁻¹, yielding inhibitions of -4, 2, 0, 42, and 108%. The 96-hour NOAEC and EC₅₀ values for growth rate were 39 and 129 μ g ai/L, respectively.

No abnormal observations of cell morphology were noted.

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Table 3: Effect of Glufosinate-ammonium Technical on algal growth of Anabaena flos-aquae.

Treatment	Initial cell	ll Cell density (x 10 ⁴ cells/mL) at			at		
Mean-Measured (and Nominal)	Density (x 10 ⁴	24 hours	72 hours	96	hours		
μg ai/L	cells/mL)			cell count	% inhibition		
Negative control	1.0	3.1	60.3	153.5	N/A		
4.0 (3.8)	1.0	1.3	58.4	189.0	-23		
13 (12)	1.0	3.0	54.0	140.7	8		
41 (39)	1.0	1.7	56.5	155.9	-2		
128 (125)	1.0	1.1	14.1	18.7	88		
421 (400)	1.0	0.7	1.4	1.1	99		
Reference chemical (if used)	N/A	A					

Table 4: Effect of Glufosinate-ammonium Technical on algal growth (Anabaena flos-aquae).

Treatment Mean-Measured (and Nominal)	Initial Cell Density (x104	Mean Growth Rate (hours-1) 0-96 Hours Percent Inhibition		Mean Biomass (x 10 ⁴ cells/mL*h)	
μg ai/L	cells/mL)			0-96 hours	Percent Inhibition
Negative control	1.0	0.0523	N/A	3596	N/A
4.0 (3.8)	1.0	0.0541	-4	3927	-9
13 (12)	1.0	0.0514	2	3222	10
41 (39)	1.0	0.0523	0	3504	3
128 (125)	1.0	0.0302	42	602	83
421 (400)	1.0	-0.0043	108	-14	100

Table 5: Statistical endpoint values.*

Statistical Endpoint	Cell density	Growth rate	Biomass
NOAEC (μg ai/L)	39	39	39
LOAEC (µg ai/L)	125	125	125
EC ₅₀ (μg ai/L) (95% C.I.)	67 (43-103)	129 (118-140)	88 (67-116)
Reference chemical, if used NOAEC IC ₅₀ /EC ₅₀	N/A		

^{*} Do not use this table, if the study was deemed unacceptable.

B. REPORTED STATISTICS:

Cell density, biomass, and growth rate data were first analyzed for normality and homogeneity of variance using using the Shapiro-Wilks test and Levene's test, respectively. If the assumptions of ANOVA were met, then the NOAEC was determined via ANOVA followed by Dunnett's test. If the data did not meet the assumptions of ANOVA, the ranks of the raw values were determined and ANOVA and a one-tailed Dunnett's test were performed on the obtained ranks.

The EC₅₀ values were determined using non-linear regression analysis (the logistic model or the Bruce/Versteeg Cumulative Normal Model). The analysis was conducted using SAS statistical software and the nominal test concentrations.

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C. VERIFICATION OF STATISTICAL RESULTS:

Statistical Method: The reviewer tested cell density, biomass, and growth rate replicate data for normality using the Chi-square and Shapiro Wilk's tests and for homogeneity of variance using Levene's test in Toxstat 3.5. All endpoint data met the assumptions of ANOVA, and were thus analyzed using Dunnett's and Williams' tests to determine the NOAEC. The ECx values (with 95% C.I.) and probit slope were determined using the probit analysis in Nuthatch.

All toxicity values were determined using the 96-hour mean-measured concentrations. Cell density values were entered into Toxstat 3.5 as an abbreviated value, representing the value x 10⁴. Negative data values were reported for the highest test level for both growth rate and biomass; the reviewer treated those values as zeros for input into Nuthatch in order to generate ECx values.

Cell density

EC₀₅: 30 μg ai/L 95% C.I.: 10-88 μg ai/L EC₅₀: 72 μg ai/L 95% C.I.: 44-120 μg ai/L

NOAEC: 41 μ g ai/L Probit Slope: 4.29 ± 1.51

Biomass

EC₀₅: 36 μg ai/L 95% C.I.: 19-69μg ai/L EC₅₀: 81 μg ai/L 95% C.I.: 62-110 μg ai/L

NOAEC: 41 µg ai/L Probit Slope: 4.68 ± 1.10

Growth rate

EC₀₅: 47 μg ai/L 95% C.I.: 26-85 μg ai/L EC₅₀: 150 μg ai/L 95% C.I.: 110-190 μg ai/L

NOAEC: 41 μ g ai/L Probit Slope: 3.34 ± 0.531

D. STUDY DEFICIENCIES:

The total organic carbon, particulate matter, metals, pesticides, and chlorine content of the dilution water were not determined.

E. REVIEWER'S COMMENTS:

The reviewer's and the study author's toxicity values were in general agreement when taking into consideration the difference between nominal and mean-measured concentrations. However, the reviewer obtained toxicity values using mean-measured concentrations, while the study author used nominal concentrations. Mean-measured concentrations are preferred; therefore, the reviewer's results are presented in the Executive Summary and Conclusions sections of this DER.

The experiment was initiated February 21, 2011, and was terminated February 25, 2011.

F. CONCLUSIONS:

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This toxicity study is scientifically sound is classified as **acceptable**. It satisfies the guideline requirement for a Tier II algal toxicity study using glufosinate technical. The most sensitive endpoint was cell density, with NOAEC and EC₅₀ values of 41 and 72 μ g ai/L, respectively.

Cell density

EC₀₅: 30 μg ai/L 95% C.I.: 10-88 μg ai/L EC₅₀: 72 μg ai/L 95% C.I.: 44-120 μg ai/L

NOAEC: 41 µg ai/L Probit Slope: 4.29 ± 1.51

Biomass

EC₀₅: 36 μg ai/L 95% C.I.: 19-69μg ai/L EC₅₀: 81 μg ai/L 95% C.I.: 62-110 μg ai/L

NOAEC: 41 μ g ai/L Probit Slope: 4.68 ± 1.10

Growth rate

EC₀₅: 47 μg ai/L 95% C.I.: 26-85 μg ai/L EC₅₀: 150 μg ai/L 95% C.I.: 110-190 μg ai/L

NOAEC: 41 μ g ai/L Probit Slope: 3.34 ± 0.531

Endpoint(s) Effected: Cell density, biomass, and growth rate

III. REFERENCES:

American Public Health Association (APHA). 1998. Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 17th edition. Washington, D.C.

American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM). 2007. Standard Guide for Conducting Static 96-Hour Toxicity Tests with Microalgae. ASTM Standard E1218. West Conshohocken, PA.

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U.S. EPA. 1996. OPPTS 850.5400 draft: Algal Toxicity, Tiers I and II.

U.S. EPA. 2002. Short-Term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving waters to Freshwater Organisms. EP-821-R-02-013. Office of Water. Washington, D.C.

APPENDIX I. OUTPUT OF REVIEWER'S STATISTICAL VERIFICATION:

Title: Glufosinate-ammonium & A. flos-aquae 96-hr cells; ug/L Transform: Chi-Square Test for Normality _____ Actual and Expected Frequencies INTERVAL <-1.5 -1.5 to <-0.5 to 0.5 >0.5 to 1.5 >1.5EXPECTED 1.2060 4.3560 6.8760 4.3560 1.2060 OBSERVED 0 7 6 0 ______ Chi-Square = 5.1491(p-value = 0.2723)Critical Chi-Square = 13.277 (alpha = 0.01 , df = 4) = 9.488 (alpha = 0.05 , df = 4) Data PASS normality test (alpha = 0.01). Continue analysis. Title: Glufosinate-ammonium & A. flos-aquae 96-hr cells; ug/L File: 4816c Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION Shapiro - Wilk's Test for Normality D = 17043.3130W = 0.9531Critical W = 0.8580 (alpha = 0.01 , N = 18) W = 0.8970 (alpha = 0.05, N = 18)Data PASS normality test (alpha = 0.01). Continue analysis. Title: Glufosinate-ammonium & A. flos-aquae 96-hr cells; ug/L 4816c File: Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION Levene's Test for Homogeneity of Variance ANOVA Table _____ _____ DF SS MS SOURCE Between 5 4273.1656 854.6331 1.5059 Within (Error) 12 6810.3877 567.5323

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		(p-va)	Lue = 0.2594)
Critical F = 5.0643 = 3.1059	(alpha = 0.01, df = (alpha = 0.05, df =		
Since F < Critical F	FAIL TO REJECT Ho:	All equal (alpha	= 0.01)
Title: Glufosinate-ammoni File: 4816c		96-hr cells; ug/L : NO 1	TRANSFORMATION
	ANOVA Table		
SOURCE DF	SS	MS	F
Between 5	94090.9238	18818.1848	13.2497
Within (Error) 12	17043.3130	1420.2761	
Total 17	111134.2368		
Title: Glufosinate-ammoni File: 4816c	ium & A. flos-aquae Transform		
		. 100 1	TRANSFORMATION
Dunnett's Test -	TABLE 1 OF 2		
Dunnett's Test - GROUP IDENTIFICATION	TRANSFORMED MEAN		<pre>KTreatment N SIG T STAT 0.05</pre>
GROUP IDENTIFICATION	TRANSFORMED MEAN	Ho:Control MEAN CALCULATED IN ORIGINAL UNITS 153.5000 189.0000 140.6667 155.9167 18.7400	<pre>KTreatment N SIG T STAT 0.05</pre>
GROUP IDENTIFICATION 1 Neg control 2 4.0 3 13 4 43 5 128	TRANSFORMED MEAN 153.5000 189.0000 3 140.6667 1 155.9167 3 18.7400 1 1.1267 2.5000 (1 Tailed,	Ho:Control MEAN CALCULATED IN ORIGINAL UNITS 153.5000 189.0000 140.6667 155.9167 18.7400 1.1267 alpha = 0.05, df =	Treatment SIG T STAT 0.05 -1.1537 0.4171 -0.0785 4.3795 4.9519 * -5,12) TRANSFORMATION

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1	Neg control	3			
2	4.0	3	76.9273	50.1	-35.5000
3	13	3	76.9273	50.1	12.8333
4	41	3	76.9273	50.1	-2.4167
5	128	3	76.9273	50.1	134.7600
6	421	3	76.9273	50.1	152.3733

Title: Glufosinate-ammonium & A. flos-aquae 96-hr cells; ug/L

File: 4816c Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

	William's Test - TAB	LE 1	OF 2	Ho:	o: Control <treatment< th=""></treatment<>	
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	N	ORIGINAL MEAN		TRANSFORMED MEAN	ISOTONIZED MEAN
1	Neg control	3	153.5000		153.5000	171.2500
2	4.0	3	189.0000		189.0000	171.2500
3	13	3	140.6667		140.6667	148.2917

4 41 3 155.9167 155.9167 148.2917 5 128 3 18.7400 18.7400 18.7400 6 421 3 1.1267 1.1267

Title: Glufosinate-ammonium & A. flos-aquae 96-hr cells; ug/L File: 4816c Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

William's Tes	t - TABLE	2 OF 2	Но: С	Control <trea< th=""><th>itment</th></trea<>	itment
IDENTIFICATION	COMPARED MEANS	CALC. WILLIAMS	SIG 0.05	TABLE WILLIAMS	DEGREES OF FREEDOM USED
Neg control	153.5000				
4.0	171.2500	-0.5768		1.7800	k = 1, v = 12
13	148.2917	0.1693		1.8700	k = 2, v = 12
41	148.2917	0.1693		1.9000	k=3, v=12
128	18.7400	4.3795	*	1.9200	k = 4, $v = 12$
421	1.1267	4.9519	*	1.9300	k = 5, $v = 12$

s = 37.6866

WARNING: Procedure has used isotonized means which differ from original (transformed) means.

Estimates of EC%

Parameter	Estimate	95% Bot	ınds	Std.Err.	Lower Bound
		Lower	Upper		/Estimate
EC5	30.	10.	88.	0.22	0.34
EC10	36.	14.	93.	0.19	0.39
EC25	50.	25.	1.0E+02	0.15	0.49
EC50	72.	44.	1.2E+02	0.099	0.61

Slope = 4.29 Std.Err. = 1.51

	osinate-amr 	nonium & 	A. flos-ac 	uae 96-hr	cells; ug	ſ/L ·	
served vs.	Predicted	Treatmen	t Group Me	ans			
Dose	#Reps.	Obs. Mean	Pred. Mean	Obs. -Pred.	Pred. %Control	%Change	
0.00 4.00 13.0 41.0 128. 421.		189. 141. 156. 18.7	165. 165. 141. 23.7	15.1 -4.93	100. 99.9 85.5 14.4	0.0699 14.5 85.6	
Title: Gl File:	ufosinate-a 4810					;ug/L NO TRANSFO	ORMATION
		Chi-Sq	uare Test	for Normal	Lity 		
		Actual	and Expect	ed Frequer	ncies		
INTERVAL	<-1.5	-1.5 t	o <-0.5	-0.5 to	0.5 >0	.5 to 1.5	>1.5
EXPECTED OBSERVED	0	4.3 7		6.876	50	4.3560	1.206
Chi-S	quare = 5						
Criti	cal Chi-Squ						
		=	9.488 (a	lpha = 0.0)5 , df =	4)	
	ufosinate-a	ammonium	& A. flos-	-aquae 96-h	nr biomass		ORMATTOI
1110.				for Norma		NO IIUMOI	514111101
		-					
	574162.0000 0.9741)					
Criti	cal W = 0. $W = 0.$			N = 18			

Title: Glufosinate-ammonium & A. flos-aquae 96-hr biomass;ug/L

File: 4816b2 Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

Levene's Test for Homogeneity of Variance

ANOVA Table

SOURCE	DF	SS	MS	F
Between	5	330738.9444	66147.7889	0.8116
Within (Error)	12	978063.3333	81505.2778	
Total	17	1308802.2778		

(p-value = 0.5635)

Critical F = 5.0643 (alpha = 0.01, df = 5,12) = 3.1059 (alpha = 0.05, df = 5,12)

Since F < Critical F FAIL TO REJECT Ho: All equal (alpha = 0.01)

Title: Glufosinate-ammonium & A. flos-aquae 96-hr biomass;ug/L

File: 4816b Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

ANOVA Table

SOURCE	DF	SS	MS	F
Between	5	44052793.3333	8810558.6667	67.0644
Within (Error)	12	1576494.6667	131374.5556	
Total	17	45629288.0000		
			(1	- 0 0000

(p-value = 0.0000)

Critical F = 5.0643 (alpha = 0.01, df = 5.12) = 3.1059 (alpha = 0.05, df = 5.12)

Since F > Critical F REJECT Ho: All equal (alpha = 0.05)

Title: Glufosinate-ammonium & A. flos-aquae 96-hr biomass;ug/L

File: 4816b Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

D	unnett's Test - '	TABLE 1 OF 2	Ho:Control<	[reatment	
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	TRANSFORMED MEAN	MEAN CALCULATED IN ORIGINAL UNITS	T STAT	SIG 0.05
1 2	Neg control 4.0	3596.0000 3926.6667	3596.0000 3926.6667	-1.1173	

EPA MRID Number 48444816

3	13	3222.3333	3222.3333	1.2626
4	41	3504.6667	3504.6667	0.3086
5	128	602.0000	602.0000	10.1168 * 12.1971 *
6	421	-13.6667	-13.6667	

Dunnett critical value = 2.5000 (1 Tailed, alpha = 0.05, df = 5,12)

Title: Glufosinate-ammonium & A. flos-aquae 96-hr biomass;ug/L

File: 4816b Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

	Dunnett's Test -	TABLE 2	OF 2 He	o:Control<	Treatment
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	NUM OF REPS	MIN SIG DIFF (IN ORIG. UNITS)	% OF CONTROL	DIFFERENCE FROM CONTROL
1	Neg control	3			
2	4.0	3	739.8608	20.6	-330.6667
3	13	3	739.8608	20.6	373.6667
4	41	3	739.8608	20.6	91.3333
5	128	3	739.8608	20.6	2994.0000
6	421	3	739.8608	20.6	3609.6667

Title: Glufosinate-ammonium & A. flos-aquae 96-hr biomass;ug/L File: 4816b Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

William's Test - TABLE 1 OF 2 Ho: Control<Treatment

GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	N 	ORIGINAL MEAN	TRANSFORMED MEAN	ISOTONIZED MEAN
1	Neg control	3 3	3596.0000 3926.6667	3596.0000 3926.6667	3761.3333 3761.3333
3	13	3	3222.3333	3222.3333	3363.5000
4 5	41 128	3 3	3504.6667 602.0000	3504.6667 602.0000	3363.5000 602.0000
6	421	3	-13.6667	-13.6667	-13.6667

Title: Glufosinate-ammonium & A. flos-aquae 96-hr biomass;ug/L File: 4816b Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

William's Test - TABLE 2 OF 2 Ho: Control<Treatment

IDENTIFICATION	COMPARED	CALC.	SIG	TABLE	DEGREES OF
	MEANS	WILLIAMS	0.05	WILLIAMS	FREEDOM USED
Neg control 4.0 13 41 128 421	3761.3333 3363.5000 3363.5000 602.0000	-0.5587 0.7856 0.7856 10.1168 12.1971	*	1.7800 1.8700 1.9000 1.9200 1.9300	k= 1, v=12 k= 2, v=12 k= 3, v=12 k= 4, v=12 k= 5, v=12

EPA MRID Number 48444816

s = 362.4563

WARNING: Procedure has used isotonized means which differ from original (transformed) means.

Estimates of EC%

Parameter	Estimate	95%	Bounds	Std.Err.	Lower Bound
		Lower	Upper		/Estimate
EC5	36.	19		0.13	0.53
EC10	43.	25	. 75.	0.11	0.57
EC25	58.	38	. 88.	0.085	0.66
EC50	81.	62	. 1.1E+02	0.054	0.77
	Slope =	4.68 St	d.Err. =	1.10	

Goodness of fit: p = 0.23 based on DF= 3.0 12.

4816B2 : Glufosinate-ammonium & A. flos-aquae 96-hr biomass;ug/L

Observed vs. Predicted Treatment Group Means

Dose #Reps. Obs. Pred. Obs. Pred. *Change Mean Mean -Pred. *Control

0.00 3.00 3.60e+03 3.63e+03 -33.7 100. 0.00
4.00 3.00 3.93e+03 3.63e+03 297. 100. 4.96e-08
13.0 3.00 3.22e+03 3.63e+03 -407. 100. 0.0101
41.0 3.00 3.50e+03 3.33e+03 177. 91.7 8.31
128. 3.00 602. 642. -39.6 17.7 82.3
421. 3.00 9.00 1.49 7.51 0.0410 100.

Title: Glufosinate-ammonium & A. flos-aquae 96-hr grwth; ug/L File: 4816g Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

Chi-Square Test for Normality

Actual and Expected Frequencies

INTERVAL	<-1.5	-1.5 to <-0.5	-0.5 to 0.5	>0.5 to 1.5	>1.5
EXPECTED	1.2060	4.3560	6.8760	4.3560	1.2060
OBSERVED	0	8	4	6	0

Chi-Square = 7.2838 (p-value = 0.1216) Critical Chi-Square = 13.277 (alpha = 0.01 , df = 4) = 9.488 (alpha = 0.05 , df = 4)

Data PASS normality test (alpha = 0.01). Continue analysis.

EPA MRID Number 48444816

```
Title: Glufosinate-ammonium & A. flos-aquae 96-hr grwth; ug/L
                            Transform:
              4816g
             Shapiro - Wilk's Test for Normality
   D = 0.0002
   W = 0.9526
    Critical W = 0.8580 (alpha = 0.01 , N = 18) W = 0.8970 (alpha = 0.05 , N = 18)
______
Data PASS normality test (alpha = 0.01). Continue analysis.
Title: Glufosinate-ammonium & A. flos-aquae 96-hr grwth; ug/L
File:
              4816g Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION
              Levene's Test for Homogeneity of Variance
                       ANOVA Table
  SOURCE
                 DF
                               SS
______
 Between 5
                      0.0000 0.0000 0.2168
  Within (Error) 12
                             0.0001
                                           0.0000
         17
                             0.0001
                                             (p-value = 0.9486)
  Critical F = 5.0643 (alpha = 0.01, df = 5,12)
= 3.1059 (alpha = 0.05, df = 5,12)
  Since F < Critical F FAIL TO REJECT Ho: All equal (alpha = 0.01)
Title: Glufosinate-ammonium & A. flos-aquae 96-hr grwth; ug/L
              4816g
                             Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION
File:
                       ANOVA Table
_____
  SOURCE
                 DF
                               SS
                             0.0062
                                           0.0012
  Between
  Within (Error) 12
                             0.0002
                                           0.0000
 Total 17
                      0.0064
                                             (p-value = 0.0000)
  Critical F = 5.0643 (alpha = 0.01, df = 5,12)
= 3.1059 (alpha = 0.05, df = 5,12)
                             Page 23 of 25
```

EPA MRID Number 48444816

Since F > Critical F REJECT Ho: All equal (alpha = 0.05)

Title: Glufosinate-ammonium & A. flos-aquae 96-hr grwth; ug/L

File: 4816g Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

I	Dunnett's Test - '	TABLE 1 OF 2	Ho:Control <treatment< th=""></treatment<>			
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	TRANSFORMED MEAN	MEAN CALCULATED IN ORIGINAL UNITS	T STAT	SIG 0.05	
1 2 3	Neg control	0.0523 0.0541 0.0514	0.0523 0.0541 0.0514	-0.6089 0.2932		
3 4 5	13 41 128	0.0514 0.0523 0.0302	0.0514 0.0523 0.0302	-0.0226 7.4653	*	
6	421	0.0033	0.0033	16.5555	*	

Dunnett critical value = 2.5000 (1 Tailed, alpha = 0.05, df = 5,12)

Title: Glufosinate-ammonium & A. flos-aquae 96-hr grwth; ug/L

File: 4816g Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

	Dunnett's Test -	TABLE 2	OF 2 H	o:Control<	Treatment
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	NUM OF REPS	MIN SIG DIFF (IN ORIG. UNITS)	% OF CONTROL	DIFFERENCE FROM CONTROL
1	Neg control	3			
2	4.0	3	0.0074	14.1	-0.0018
3	13	3	0.0074	14.1	0.0009
4	41	3	0.0074	14.1	-0.0001
5	128	3	0.0074	14.1	0.0221
6	421	3	0.0074	14.1	0.0489

Title: Glufosinate-ammonium & A. flos-aquae 96-hr grwth; ug/L

File: 4816g Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

William's Test - TABLE 1 OF 2 Ho: Control<Treatment

GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	N	ORIGINAL MEAN	TRANSFORMED MEAN	ISOTONIZED MEAN
1 2 3 4 5	Neg control 4.0 13 41 128 421	3 3 3 3 3	0.0523 0.0541 0.0514 0.0523 0.0302 0.0033	0.0523 0.0541 0.0514 0.0523 0.0302 0.0033	0.0532 0.0532 0.0519 0.0519 0.0302 0.0033

EPA MRID Number 48444816

Title: Glufosinate-ammonium & A. File: 4816g		flos-aqua Transfo		-	TRANSFORMATION	
Willia	m's Test	- TABLE 2	OF 2	Но: (Control <trea< td=""><td>tment</td></trea<>	tment
IDENTIFICAT		COMPARED MEANS	CALC. WILLIAMS	SIG 0.05	TABLE WILLIAMS	DEGREES OF FREEDOM USED
Neg c	ontrol 4.0 13 41 128 421	0.0523 0.0532 0.0519 0.0519 0.0302 0.0033	-0.3045 0.1353 0.1353 7.4653 16.5555	* * 	1.7800 1.8700 1.9000 1.9200 1.9300	k= 1, v=12 k= 2, v=12 k= 3, v=12 k= 4, v=12 k= 5, v=12

s = 0.0036

WARNING: Procedure has used isotonized means which differ from original (transformed) means.

Estimates of

Paramete	r Estimate	95% Bo	unds	Std.Err.	Lower Bound	
		Lower	Upper		/Estimate	
EC5	47.	26.	85.	0.12	0.55	
EC10	60.	36.	1.0E+02	0.10	0.60	
EC25	92.	62.	1.4E+02	0.079	0.68	
EC50	1.5E+02	1.1E+02	1.9E+02	0.056	0.76	
	Slope =	3.34 Std.	Err. =	0.531		

Goodness of fit: p =	0.98	based on DF=	3.0	12.

4816G : Glufosinate-ammonium & A. flos-aquae 96-hr grwth; ug/L

Observed vs. Predicted Treatment Group Means

Dose #Reps. Obs. Pred. Obs. Pred. *Change Mean Pred. *Control

0.00 3.00 0.0523 0.0529 -0.000634 100. 0.00
4.00 3.00 0.0541 0.0529 0.00117 100. 9.01e-06
13.0 3.00 0.0514 0.0529 -0.00149 100. 0.0225
41.0 3.00 0.0523 0.0512 0.00116 96.7 3.27
128. 3.00 0.0302 0.0304 -0.000247 57.6 42.4
421. 3.00 0.00333 0.00329 4.14e-05 6.22 93.8